I am building a database in relation to voting in Australia. Here is one of my tables:

TABLE voterRegistry (

    title VARCHAR,

    voterID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,

    firstName VARCHAR(60),

    middleName VARCHAR(60),

    lastName VARCHAR(60),

    gender VARCHAR(60),

    dateOfBirth DATE,

    residentUnitNumber VARCHAR(20),

    residentStreetNumber INTEGER,

    residentStreetName VARCHAR(60),

    residentsuburb VARCHAR(30),

    residentPostcode INTEGER,

    residentState VARCHAR(30),

    postalUnitNumber INTEGER,

    postalStreetNumber INTEGER,

    postalStreetName VARCHAR(60),

    postalSuburb VARCHAR(60),

    postalPostcode INTEGER,

    postalState VARCHAR(60),

    daytimePhone INTEGER,

    mobile VARCHAR(20),

    emailAddress VARCHAR(40),

    divisionName VARCHAR(50) PRIMARY KEY,

);

I want you to follow and do the following:

1. Describe the expected record size (in megabytes) of the table.
2. Find the estimated initial table size
3. Find the estimated table size after 10 years of use. With a 3-year election cycle, it is expected that 4 elections are to be held during this period (e.g. 2025, 2028, 2031, 2034)

Try to explain each step in concise detail that is easy to understand for beginners. Do not skip over any calculations. Make sure to take into consideration the VARCHAR specified character limit. Make sure to explain breakdown the conversion of bytes to MB (1024 bytes in 1 KB etc.) Keep the information in MB.

Extra information. There are around 17,259,000 Australians who can vote as of 2019. The population growth in Australia is 1.2% per year.